



Surface Mount Rectifiers

Reverse Voltage 50 to 1000 Volts Forward Current 2.0 Amperes

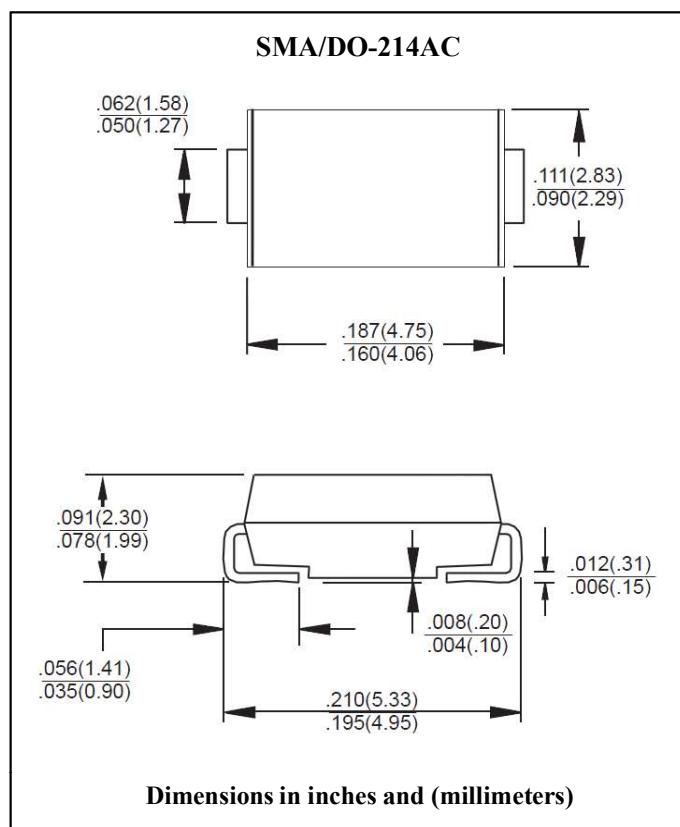
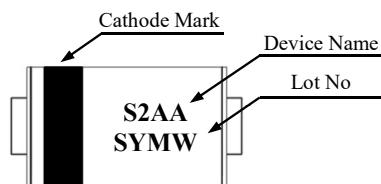
Features

- High efficiency snubber diode
- For surface mounted application
- Glass passivated junction chip
- Low forward voltage drop
- High current capability
- Easy pick and place
- High surge current capability
- Plastic material used carries underwriters laboratory classification 94V-O
- High temperature soldering : 260°C /10 seconds at terminals

Mechanical Data

- Case : Molded plastic
- Terminals : Solder plated
- Polarity : Indicated by cathode band
- Packaging : 12mm tape per EIA STD RS-481
- Weight : 0.064gram

Marking



Maximum Ratings & Electrical Characteristics

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified

Single phase half wave 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load

For capacitive load, derate current by 20%

Parameter	Symbol	S2AA	S2BA	S2DA	S2GA	S2JA	S2KA	S2MA	Unit	Remark
Maximum Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V	
Maximum RMS Voltage	V _{RMS}	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V	
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V _{DC}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V	
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current	I _{F(AV)}	2.0							A	
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3 ms Single Half Sine-wave Superimposed on Rated Load (JEDEC Method)	I _{FSM}	70							A	
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage @ 2.0A	V _F	1.1							V	
Maximum DC Reverse Current at Rated DC Blocking Voltage	I _R	5.0							uA	Ta=25°C
		125							uA	Ta=125°C
Typical Junction Capacitance	C _J	20							pF	Note 1
Typical Thermal Resistance	R _{th(j-l)}	20							°C /W	Note 2
Operation Junction Temperature Range	T _J	-55 to +150							°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-55 to +150							°C	

Note 1. Measured at 1MHz and Applied Reverse Voltage of 4.0Volts D.C.

Note 2. Mount on Cu-Pad Size 5mm×5mm on P.C.B.



Ratings and Characteristics Curves (Ta=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Fig.1 Forward Current Derating Curve

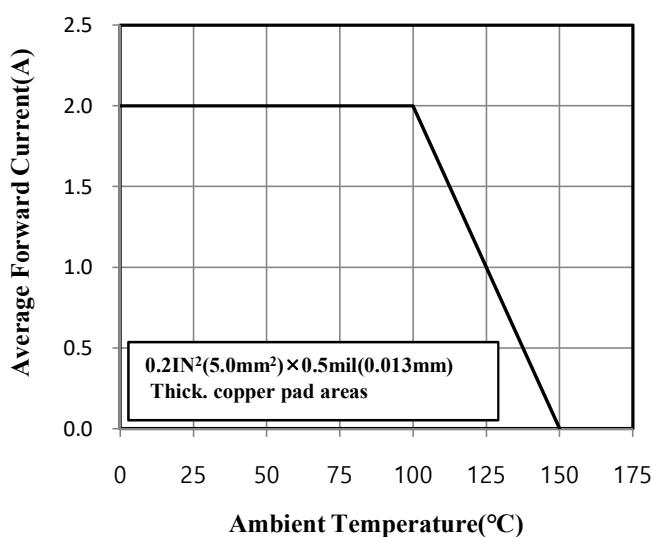


Fig.3 Typical Instantaneous Forward Characteristics

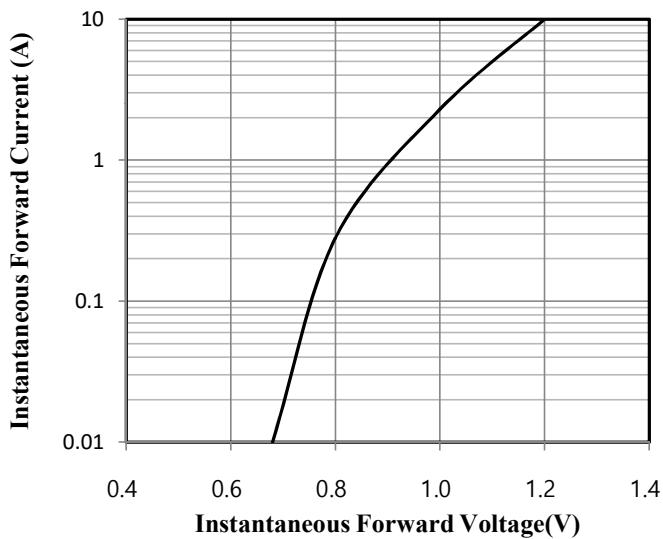


Fig.2 Maximum Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current

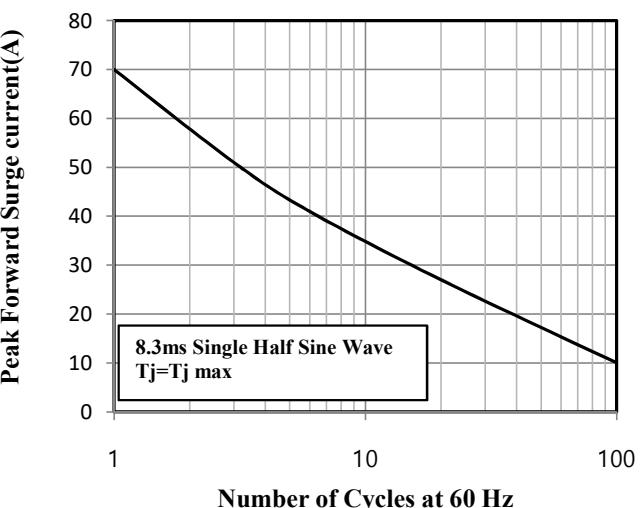


Fig.4 Typical Reverse Characteristics

